Coronations: a two-minute film teachers’ notes

Watch the film here: https://youtu.be/xMcepY8Vcv8

Transcript

POET: At the Abbey.
   Oaths are made to God and Country.
   A coronation,
   with true meaning and honour.
   At the Abbey.

   They sit in state to swear
   whilst we sit at home in awe,
   with duty resting on our heads
   and beginnings on a chair.

NARRATOR: For 1,000 years, the coronation of our kings and queens has been at Westminster Abbey. Crowning a new monarch is the highlight, but a coronation is actually a religious ceremony; and takes place during a Holy Communion service.

   It begins with the Recognition and the Oath. Standing in the Abbey, in front of gathered subjects, the monarch is presented to the people, who respond in recognition. The king or queen pledges allegiance to the country, the people and to God.

   Then comes the Anointing. The Anointing is a sacred blessing with a special spoon. The Archbishop of Canterbury solemnly daubs a cross of holy oil on the royal forehead to show they’ve been chosen by God. This is the most important, most holy part of the ceremony.

   Next, the Investing. Where the monarch receives the royal regalia; symbolic objects that represent the relationship between church and state. A sword for the military and an orb; a symbol of God’s power. A ring weds the king or queen to the country and two sceptres to represent justice. The royal regalia is also known as the crown jewels.

   Finally, the Crowning. Here comes the Archbishop with the crown; a priceless, irreplaceable artefact. This is St Edward’s crown. At last it is placed on the monarch’s head, whilst all in the Abbey cry... (National Anthem plays).

Feedback survey

Thank you for downloading this resource. We hope that it has been a useful teaching tool in your classroom.

We’d love to hear more about your experience in this short survey.

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